International Baccalaureate Baccalauréat International
Bachillerato Internacional

## MARKSCHEME

## November 2013

## LATIN

## Standard Level

## Paper 1

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Each word is assigned 0 or 1 or 2 points. Those worth 1 or 2 points indicate this value immediately following the word, while those with zero points have no numerical indication.

A one point word (for example an adverb or conjunction) needs only a correct translation to be awarded the point. For a two point word, if the translation persuades you that the candidate understands the meaning of the word, one point is awarded; if the candidate persuades you that the grammar of the word is understood, the second point is awarded.

When two or three words are joined by " " they are to be treated as one word or two words. A two word phrase worth two points includes one point for vocabulary and one point for grammar. The vocabulary point is awarded only if both words are translated correctly in context; a vocabulary error in either or both words results in no points for vocabulary. The grammar point is awarded only if the phrase's grammar is understood correctly. In the case of a three word phrase, award two points if the translation is perfect and one if there is one error.

The maximum number of points is 105 .

## Text 1

 ..... 12
quod $2 \operatorname{iam}(2$ contritum $(2$ et $\mathbf{1}$ contemptum $\mathbf{2}$ putatur $\boldsymbol{2}$, iudicium (2 bonorum $\mathbf{2}$, ..... 15omnia 2 pericula $\boldsymbol{2}$, summos $\boldsymbol{2}$ labores $\boldsymbol{2}$, gravissimas $\boldsymbol{2}$ contentiones $\boldsymbol{2}$ inimicitias $\boldsymbol{2}$
que $\mathbf{1}$ suscepit 2 , ..... 17verbis 2 ,20
et $\boldsymbol{1}$ quid $\boldsymbol{2}$ oporteret $\boldsymbol{2}$ a praestantibus $\boldsymbol{2}$ viris $\boldsymbol{2}$ in $\boldsymbol{2}$ re_publica $\boldsymbol{2}$ fieri $\boldsymbol{2}$ ..... 16
et $\mathbf{1}$ quid $\mathbf{2}$ necesse $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ esset $\mathbf{2}$ :
oportere ${ }^{2}$ ..... 8
hominum(2) audacium (2, eversorum (2 rei_publicae 2 , sceleri(2) ..... 10
legibus(2) et $\mathbf{1}$ iudiciis $\boldsymbol{2}$ resistere $\mathbf{2}$; ..... 7

## Text 2

longa(2 fuit 2 medii 2 mora 2 temporis $(2$, ..... 10
acta(2que $\mathbf{1}$ magni $(2$ Herculis $\mathbf{( 1}$ inplerant $(2$ terras $(2)$ ..... 10
odium 2 que $\mathbf{1}$ novercae $\boldsymbol{2}$.
victor 2 ab $\mathbf{C}$ Oechalia $\mathbf{D}$ ..... 9
Cenaeo $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ sacra $\boldsymbol{2}$ parabat $\boldsymbol{2}$ vota $(2 \operatorname{lovi} \mathbf{0}$,
cum 2 Fama loquax 2 praecessit 2
ad_aures (2, Deianira $\mathbf{1}$, tuas (2), ..... 19
quae (2) veris 2 addere 2 falsa 2 gaudet $\boldsymbol{2}^{2}$, ..... 10
et $\mathbf{1}$ e_minimo ${ }^{2}$ sual 2 per $\mathbf{1}$ mendacia $(2 \operatorname{crescit} \boldsymbol{2}$, ..... 10
Amphitryoniaden (1) Ioles 2 ardore $\mathbf{2}$ teneri(2).
credit $\boldsymbol{2}$ amans $\boldsymbol{2}$, ..... 11
veneris 2 que $\mathbf{1}$ novae $\boldsymbol{2}$ perterrita 2 fama 2 indulsit $\boldsymbol{2}$ primo $(2$ lacrimis $(2$, ..... 15
flendo 2 que $\mathbf{1}$ dolorem (2 diffudit(2 miseranda 2 suum (2. ..... 11

